Chem 343	Name:
Quiz 3	Section:
What is the purpose of using a boiling	stone/stir stick when heating a liquid?

There seem to be so many 'caveats' for conducting a safe distillation in the lab. Which of the following should you always remember?

- A. Place a boiling chip or two in the distillation flask
- B. Never, never distill to dryness; always discontinue heating when there are a few mL of liquid left in the distillation flask
- C. Lightly grease the glassware joints
- D. Use clamps to support your apparatus
- E. Duh!!! Do all of these things.

Decide whether you should use simple or fractional distillation to separate the following miscible liquids. (You may assume that an azeotrope is not formed)

- A. water (bp 100°C) and methanol (bp 65°C)
- B. ethyl acetate (bp 77°C) and tetrahydrofuran (66°C)

Think back to the pictures Zubrick showed you for simple and fractional distillation set-ups. Where should the bulb of the thermometer be placed to get an accurate reading?

- A. It should be aligned directly with the opening of the 3-way adapter leading to the condenser.
- B. It should be slightly below the opening of the 3-way adapter leading to the condenser.
- C. It should be just slightly above the opening of the 3-way adapter leading to the condenser.
- D. It should be submerged in the liquid boiling in the distilling flask
- E. It should be just slightly above the liquid boiling in the distilling flask

What is an azeotrope?